Things to Know Before You Go - Kenya

Travel Documentation
1. Passports must be valid for at least 6 months from the return date of your trip.
2. U.S. Resident Aliens need both passport and Alien Resident Card for re-entry to the United States.
3. Carry emergency contact person’s name, address and telephone number with you.
4. Keep travel documents, passport, personal necessities and valuables with you at all time and make a copy of them.
5. It is suggested to inform your credit card company of your traveling and to confirm your credit line prior to departure.
6. Be sure you have all the necessary documents and money before leaving for the airport.
7. Kenya Immigration has instituted a new visa policy whereby all visitors must obtain visas by using a new online system - https://immigration.ecitizen.go.ke/index.php?id=5. While exceptions may be made in emergency situations, all visitors arriving after September 1, 2015 should apply for and obtain the e-visa rather than obtaining a visa upon arrival at Kenyan airports, as has been done historically.
8. For more information regarding the Kenyan e-visa program, please contact the Kenyan embassy in Washington, D.C. Contact information can be found at www.kenyaembassy.com.

Health & Medical Matters
1. Ritz Tours provides travel insurance through Travelex at no additional cost to you if full payment is received at least 60 days prior to departure. Please call Travelex directly for any questions regarding the insurance coverage. It is strongly advised that you purchase your own travel insurance or additional coverage if necessary.
2. Yellow Fever Certificate: Health requirements for entry into Kenya may depend on the country of origin and countries visited en route. Evidence of Yellow Fever immunization is not required for U.S. travelers to enter Kenya directly from North America as these countries are outside the Yellow Fever area. For the latest Information on vaccinations and other health precautions for travelers, you may check the CDC (Centers for Disease Control) website http://wwwnc.cdc.gov/, or the WHO (World Health Organization) website http://www.who.int
3. It is strongly recommended that you consult your doctor for existing medical conditions four to six weeks before you leave. Vaccination is one of the best ways to reduce the infectious risk. Ensure your routine childhood vaccinations are up to date. Some vaccinations may require booster doses. Ask your doctor and get the boosters.
4. If you are taking prescription medication, pack in your hand luggage sufficient quantity for the duration of the trip and make sure it is fully labeled. Pack a small medical kit including any basic remedies that you may need, such as antacids, painkillers, medicines for flu, indigestion, car sick, vitamins, insect bites, etc.
5. In Africa, malaria is found in some areas. If you travel to a malaria-risk area you must take prevention drugs and avoid mosquito bites (wear long sleeves, long trousers and socks; apply insect repellent; use mosquito-proof bed net and mosquito mats or coils during the night; stay indoors between dusk and dawn).
6. In case of illness during your trip, please notify your driver/guide for immediate assistance.

Kenya Customs & Arrival
1. Drugs, firearms, weapons, counterfeit goods, meats, plants, fruits, plants, soil, and pornographic materials are prohibited.
2. Important note: Our local representatives cannot enter the baggage claim area. On arrival at the airport, after collecting your luggage, please go through customs, and our local representatives will be waiting for you at the arrival hall holding a board with your name on it. You will be introduced to your safari driver/guide who will be with you from now on until the end of your safari.
3. For emergency in Kenya, please contact:
   Langat Kimutai: 0722-205026 or Mini Warah: 0722-519641

Money Matters
1. The official currency is the Kenya Shilling. The written abbreviation is either KES, KSh, Shs or using /= after the amount. One Shilling equals to 100 cents. Notes are available in the denominations of 1000, 500, 200, 100, 50. Coins are available in denominations of 20, 10, 5, 1. As of Jan, 2016, the exchange rate is: 1.00 USD = 100 KES.
2. Banks are open from 9:00am to 3:00pm Monday to Friday. Some branches open on Saturdays from 9:00am to 11:00am. Many banks are now equipped with 24 hour ATM machines.
3. Most major credit cards are accepted throughout Kenya. Foreign currency may be exchanged 24 hours at the international airports. It is advisable to carry local money with you for small payments during the tour.

Baggage
1. Baggage allowance for international flights may vary by airline and is subject to change at any time. For up to date baggage allowance of Emirates Airlines (EK), please check its official website before traveling: www.emirates.com.
2. Emirates Airline (EK): Economy Class customers can check in two pieces of luggage, up to 50 lbs (23 kg) each. Total dimensions (length + width + height) of each piece must not exceed 62 in (158 cm). For Economy passengers with two pieces of luggage, the total combined dimensions of both pieces must not exceed 107 in (273 cm). Carry-on baggage is
Things to Know Before You Go - Kenya

restricted to one piece of luggage, up to 15 lbs (7 kg) and the dimensions of 22” x 15” x 8”. Please check Emirates’ website www.emirates.com for baggage policy.

3. It is recommended that all checked luggage has a lock (combination locks are recommended) and a luggage tag showing the name and contact information of the owner. (Use Ritz Tours tags for easy identification)

4. DO NOT pack medicine, valuables or other personal necessities in checked luggage. Keep them in carry-on bag.

5. Consider packing one change of clothing, one set of underwear and toiletry in your carry-on bag to avoid inconvenience caused by delayed or lost luggage.


Shopping
1. Although your Kenyan driver-guides are happy to assist you with any shopping requirements, Ritz Tours does not assume responsibility for any items purchased at shops while on tour. You are never required to purchase any items while on tour and must be responsible for your own purchases. Any after sales correspondence must be between you and the shop in question.

2. Kenya has a wealth of fascinating shops for curio, clothes, arts and crafts including bead-work, wood-carvings, metal jewelry and basket wares.

3. Shopping in Kenya, bargaining is almost always the order of the day. To approach this with a sense of humor and a friendly attitude is your best option.

4. Observe US Customs restrictions when bringing in goods from tour.

Drinking Water/Food
Meals are provided as per itinerary. In general, the food served in hotels and lodges is European food. Breakfast and lunch are buffet and dinner is usually a set menu. It is advisable to drink plenty of water in the heat and drink only sealed bottle mineral water which is available almost everywhere and is to be paid for. In most safari lodges, a bottle of drinking water will be provided every day on your bedside table.

Language
The official language in Kenya is Swahili (a mixture of African, English and Arabic). English is popular in the travel industry.

Clothing / Things to Bring
Casual, lightweight, and comfortable clothing is usually the best.

1. Kenya is a cold country with a hot sun, as the blend of high altitudes and tropical sun make for a unique and variable climate. This should be kept in mind when packing for a visit. Basically travelers should come prepared for hot, cold wet and dusty conditions. A warm jacket is recommended for the early morning, morning, and evening game drives.

2. Wear good walking shoes and comfortable sandals.


Time Differentials
Kenya does not utilize Daylight Saving Time. In Daylight Saving Time of the United States, Kenya is 10 hours ahead of Los Angeles (PST) and 7 hours ahead of New York (EST).

Electricity
Domestic supply is 220/240 volts 50Hz. Plugs are 3 points square. It is advised that you bring your own voltage and plug adaptors where appropriate for your video camera or any other electrical advice. Since the electricity is provided by generators in all lodges in the parks, the electricity comes at 5:00am and goes at 9:00am. Comes again at 4:00pm and goes at 1:00am. Please recharge your video camera immediately after game drives.

International Call & Emergency Info
1. Kenya: International access code is 000, country code is 254 USA: International access code is 011, country code is 1
   • Dial to USA from Kenya: 000 + 1 + City code + Local No.
   • Dial to Kenya from USA: 011 +254 + City code + Local No.

2. American Consulate in Kenya:
   Website: http://nairobi.usembassy.gov
   Office hours: (254) (20) 363-6451
   Emergency after hours: (254) (20) 363-6170

Tipping
Gratuities are not included in your tour cost. They are customary, and their purpose is to encourage and reward quality service. It is NEVER mandatory. In Kenya, the standard to tip restaurant or bar waiters is 10 percent of the meal bill. For your safari driver/guide (and tour escort if applicable), US$12 per person per day is reasonable. However, please do not hesitate to seek local advice on tipping and remember that tips are generally given only for good, attentive service and paid only on final completion of service.

Safety on Safari
1. All reserves have a set of rules that you need to follow to ensure your safety. Many of the animals you’ll come across, particularly lion, elephant and buffalo are dangerous. Never get out of your jeep without permission. Never feed the wild animals. Do not attempt to go for walks when staying in game lodges.

2. Africa has its fair share of poisonous snakes—though they are rarely encountered. If you plan on doing any walking, take along boots, socks and long trousers as a precautionary measure (which also helps with ticks) – and
always look where you’re going.

3. On Safari, casual, neutral colored, cotton clothing (no bright colors or whites), lightweight trousers, slacks, and shirts are recommended.

4. Avoid swimming in the wild rivers.

Weather
During your safari to Kenya you may cross several weather zones: Mombasa and the Coast – hot and humid, Nairobi – cool and dry, Mt. Kenya – chilly, Samburu and the Masai Mara – pleasant weather but chilly during the early morning game drives, Tsavo and Amboseli – pleasant. If you travel during rainy seasons (November - December and April – June), expect rains everywhere. Prepare your clothes accordingly.

General Tips
1. Keep eyes on your personal belongs and valuables at all times. Do not leave valuables including cameras and binoculars anywhere. Make use of hotel/lodge safes as much as possible.

2. Respect other tourist and your driver/guide. Refrain from talking when your drive is speaking.

3. Safety of travelers has always been our number one concern. For your safety, you should notify driver/guide ahead of time if you plan to go out at free time.

4. Always be cautious when staying at a hotel/lodge. Never allow strangers into your room. Keep doors locked at all times.

5. In Kenya, photographing the president, police, soldiers, military installations, prisons, prisoners and airports is not allowed. Always enlist the cooperation of your subject before photographing strangers. Ask your driver/guide for advices on this.

6. For the protection of your own interests, read carefully your travel materials prior to the tour. Leave a copy to your family.

7. A nice and smooth trip counts on every tour member’s high cooperation. It is important to follow the indicated meeting time and meeting point. Use the red round name badge provided by Ritz Tours for easy identification. To make your trip as enjoyable as possible, allow enough time for flight check-in, security screening and boarding: 2 hours for US domestic travel, 3 hours for international travel. For flight delay, cancellation, or any emergency in the United States, please contact Ritz Tours immediately at (626)289-7777 (Mon. –Fri. 0900am-0530pm PST) or (626)592-8448 after business hours, weekends and holidays.

Learn Swahili
JAMBO is one of the most common words you will hear spoken throughout Kenya. This is the simplest Swahili greeting, and is often the first word learned by visitors to Kenya.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Habari/</th>
<th>How are things? (literally news?)</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nzuri</td>
<td>Fine,</td>
<td>good</td>
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<tr>
<td>Hodi!</td>
<td>Hellow!</td>
<td>Anyone in? (said on knocking or entering)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Karibu</td>
<td>Come in, enter, welcome(also said on offering</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Kwahei/ ni</td>
<td>Goodbye</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asante/ ni</td>
<td>Thank you</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bwana</td>
<td>Mister, the equivalent of monsieur in French</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mama</td>
<td>Like the French madame or madamoiselle, for</td>
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<tr>
<td>Kijana</td>
<td>Youth, teenager(pi, vijana)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Moto</td>
<td>Child, kid(pi, watoto)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Jina langu ni.....</td>
<td>My name is ......</td>
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<tr>
<td>Ndiyo</td>
<td>Yes</td>
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<td>Hapana</td>
<td>No</td>
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<td>Lini?</td>
<td>When?</td>
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<td>Wapi?</td>
<td>Where?</td>
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<td>Bei gani?</td>
<td>What price?</td>
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<tr>
<td>Choo, bafu</td>
<td>Toilet, bathroom</td>
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<tr>
<td>Nina kiu</td>
<td>I’m thirsty</td>
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<tr>
<th>Major Cities</th>
<th>Temperature in °F</th>
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